Attorney's Docket No. NC 95,756

AMENDMENTS TO THE SPECIFICATION:

At page 1, just after the title "COMPOSITE HOUGH TRANSFORM FOR

MULTITARGET MULTISENSOR TRACKING", kindly enter the following heading and

text:

CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application is a continuation of prior application No. 09/477,811, filed January 5,

2000, now issued as U.S. Patent No. 6,724,916.

Kindly replace the paragraph that begins at page 5, line 18 with the following

rewritten paragraph:

Figure 2 shows the mirror effect; two target tracks are shown. One is the reference

track 19; the other one is the mirror reflection 21 of the reference track 19. Although the

mirror track 21 is geometrically distinct from the reference track 19, the linear array cannot

differentiate between the two because the correlation trace generated by the mirror track 21 is

exactly the same as that generated by the reference track 19. It is useful to note that a track

and its mirror track will have opposite signs (positive and negative) with respect to the right-

turn rule for determining track direction, discussed above[[,]].

Kindly replace the paragraph that begins at page 7, line 13 with the following

rewritten paragraph:

Another object of the invention is to provide a device that redcesa reduces a large

number of calculations to search over the full space.

Kindly replace the paragraph that begins at page 11, line 10 with the following rewritten paragraph:

Figure 17a shows the slice of RTCHS produced by the ACHT for a speed of 4.5 kts and D_1 of 1.0 nmi. Figures 17c and 17d shows the slice of RTCHS and MTCHS for a speed of 9.0 kts and D_1 of 2.0 nmi.

Kindly replace the paragraph that begins at page 11, line 16 with the following rewritten paragraph:

Figure 18a shows the output Reference Track Composite Hough Space produced by the ACHT.

Kindly replace the paragraph that begins at page 11, line 18 with the following rewritten paragraph:

Figure 18b shows the output Mirror Track Composite Hough Space produced by the ACHT .

Kindly replace the paragraph that begins at page 11, line 20 with the following rewritten paragraph:

Figure 18c shows the output Reference Track Composite Hough Space produced by the MCHT.

Kindly replace the paragraph that begins at page 17, line 11 with the following rewritten paragraph:

The track direction θ is the angle between the target track and the baseline of the sensor system 52, measured counterclockwise, and defined by a right-turn rule. First, a CPA ray is drawn from the center of the two-sensor system 51 to the a CPA point 53. Second,

move along the CPA ray 55, and make a right turn at the intersection of the CPA ray and the target track 48. The track direction θ is positive if the target track 48 is headed in the direction of the right turn. Otherwise, the track direction θ is negative. Figures 6a through 6d shows show this convention. The two sensors 52 and 54 56 are indicated by two small ellipses; the center of the sensor system 58 is the origin; the direction of the sensor system 62 is to the eat east and the baseline 64 of the sensor system is the horizontal line. Arrows that point from the origin to the target CPA indicate the CPA rays. The two Two target tracks 57 and 59 are are shown in each of the four quadrants [[,]] in Figures 6a through 6d: one with a positive direction 57 direction and one with a negative direction 59. The right-turn rule convention uniquely describes all possible target tracks.

Kindly replace the paragraph that begins at page 21, line 18 with the following rewritten paragraph:

The Hough Transformation is a form of the matched spatial filter. See, Sklansky Slansky, ON HOUGH TECHNIQUE FOR CURVE DETECTION, IEEE. Trans. Computer, Vol 27, No. 10,pp. 923-926, 1978. In essence, the Hough Transform hyposthesizes hypothesizes a set of prototypes in the image, performs integration along the prototypes, and stores the normalized integration value in the Hough space. The DCHT hypothesizes a reference track relative to the primary array and derives the corresponding delay curve. Given a hypothesized track for the primary array and using the geometric constraints previously discussed, a corresponding delay curve can be derived for the secondary correlogram. An integration process is then performed along each of these delay curves; one

in the primary correlogram and one in the secondary correlogram. The integrated value from the primary correlogram is then combined with that from the secondary correlogram, and the result is stored in the Hough parameter space.

Kindly replace the paragraph that begins at page 31, line 12 with the following rewritten paragraph:

The peak statistic for the Composite Hough Spaces shown in Figures 181 18a through 18d are given in Table 5.

Kindly replace the paragraph that begins at page 32, line 19 with the following rewritten paragraph:

Figure 21a through 12f shows 21f show the results of the ACHT while Figure 22a through 22f shows show the results of the MCTH. In each case, Figures 21a and 22a shows show the results of the first layer of onion-peeling and Figures 21b and 22b shows show the results of the second layer onion-peeling. Since the sum of the two correlation traces for target A 158 is 120 while that for the two target B 162 traces is 100, the ACHT first detects the target A 158, then target B 162. For the multiplicative Composition Hough Transform, the product of the two target A 158 traces is 2000 while the product of the two target B traces 162 is 2500. Thus, the MCTH will first detect the target B and then will detect the target A 158.

Kindly replace the paragraph that begins at page 33, line 8 with the following rewritten paragraph:

The real data used here is that shown in Figures 3a and 3b. These data were collected from a shallow-water environment with heavy surface ship traffic. The geometry of the two neighboring sensor arrays is listed in Table 1. The results of onion-peeling are shown in Figures 23a and 23b. The traces are as follows: first detected pair 164 282, the second detected pair 166 284, the third detected pair 166 286, the fourth detected pair 168 288, and the fifth detected pair 172 290. The reconstructed delay curves closely match the real-data correlation traces, with the exception of the third target 166 286 where the real-data correlation trace near the end of the observation period does not match the line depicting the third trace 166 286. This mismatch is not expected; the CHT assumes that the targets maintain a constant course and the third target 166 had a course change near the end of the observation period.